

**Written examination questions on infectious diseases for bachelors of the Medical Faculty TSMU (Department of Infectious Diseases - Head of the Department Professor RAKHMANOV ER).**

1. Pathogenesis of typhoid fever.
2. Clinic of typhoid fever.
3. Clinic of paratyphoid A and B.
4. Complications of typhoid fever.
5. Laboratory diagnosis of typhoid fever.
6. The treatment of typhoid fever
7. Treatment of complications of typhoid fever.
8. Differential diagnosis of typhoid fever.
9. Prevention of typhoid and paratyphoid infections
10. Pathogenesis of dysentery.
11. Classification of dysentery.
12. Clinic of dysentery.
13. Differential diagnosis of dysentery.
14. Laboratory diagnosis of dysentery.
15. Treatment of dysentery.
16. Complication of dysentery.
17. Prevention of dysentery
18. Pathogenesis of intestinal amebiasis.
19. Clinic of intestinal amoebiasis.
20. Differential diagnosis of amoebiasis.
21. Diagnosis of amoebiasis.
22. Complications of amoebiasis.
23. Treatment of amoebiasis
24. Prevention of intestinal amebiasis
25. Pathogenesis of salmonellosis.
26. Classification of salmonellosis.
27. Clinic of salmonellosis.
28. Complications of salmonellosis.
29. Diagnosis of salmonellosis.
30. Differential diagnosis of salmonellosis.
31. Treatment of salmonellosis.
32. Prevention of salmonellosis.
33. Pathogenesis of food poisoning.
34. Classification of food poisoning.
35. Clinic of food poisoning.
36. Complications of food poisoning.
37. Diagnosis of food poisoning.
38. Differential diagnosis of food poisoning.
39. Treatment of food poisoning.
40. Preventing food poisoning
41. Pathogenesis of cholera.
42. Clinic of cholera.
43. Differential diagnosis of cholera.
45. Laboratory diagnosis of cholera.
46. Complications of cholera.
47. Treatment of cholera.

48. Treatment of hypovolemic shock in cholera
49. Prevention of Cholera
50. Epidemiological features of helminth infections.
51. The concept of geohelminthes and biohelminths.
52. Classification of helminthiasis.
53. Prevention of helminthiasis
54. Mechanisms of action of worms in the human body
55. The development, diagnosis, treatment teniarinhoza (bovine tapeworm).
56. The development, diagnosis, treatment teniasis (pork tapeworm).
57. Diagnosis, treatment diphyllbothriasis (broad tapeworm).
58. The development, diagnostics, treatment of trichinosis.
59. The development, diagnosis, treatment Enterobiasis (pinworms).
60. The development, diagnosis and treatment of ascaridosis
61. Diagnosis, treatment hymenolepiasis (dwarf tapeworm).
62. The development, diagnosis, treatment trichuriasis (whipworm).
63. The development, diagnostics, treatment of fascioliasis.
64. The development, diagnosis, treatment opisthorchiasis.
65. Pathogenesis of meningococcal infection.
66. Classification of meningococcal infection.
67. Clinic of meningococcal meningitis
68. Clinical picture of meningococemia.
69. Diagnosis of meningococcal infection.
70. Differential diagnosis of meningococcal infection
71. The treatment of meningococcal infection.
72. Clinic of meningococcal meningoencephalitis
73. Complications of meningococcal disease
74. Prevention of meningococcal disease
75. Types of malaria.
76. The pathogenesis of malaria.
77. Clinic of malaria.
78. Differential diagnosis of malaria.
80. Laboratory diagnosis of malaria.
81. Complications of malaria.
82. Treatment of various forms of malaria, and complications.
83. Prevention of malaria.
84. Pathogenesis of Viral Hepatitis.
85. The classification of viral hepatitis.
86. Viral hepatitis B and its clinical features.
87. Variants of pre-icteric period of viral hepatitis.
89. Severe and fulminant form of viral hepatitis.
90. Differential diagnosis of viral hepatitis.
91. Laboratory diagnosis of viral hepatitis.
92. Complications of viral hepatitis
93. Prevention of Viral Hepatitis
94. The pathogenesis of HIV infection.
95. The classification of HIV according to WHO.
96. Clinic of different stages HIV / AIDS.
97. Differential diagnosis of HIV / AIDS.
98. Laboratory diagnosis of HIV / AIDS.

99. Treatment: general and antiretroviral therapy for HIV / AIDS.
100. Preventive measures for HIV infection.
101. Pathogenesis of Influenza.
102. Typical and atypical forms of influenza.
103. Clinic of parainfluenza.
104. Diagnosis of the flu.
105. Differential diagnosis of ARI
106. Treatment of influenza.
107. Prevention of influenza
108. Pathogenesis of visceral leishmaniasis.
109. Clinic of visceral leishmaniasis.
110. Differential diagnosis of visceral leishmaniasis.
111. Laboratory diagnosis of visceral leishmaniasis.
112. Treatment of visceral leishmaniasis.
113. Specific treatment of visceral leishmaniasis include:
114. The manifestations of extra-intestinal amebiasis:
115. The most typical opportunistic infections common in HIV - infected patients are: